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BASICS

CAKE QUALITY

Cake quality is defined by a number of parameters: volume, texture and shelf life.

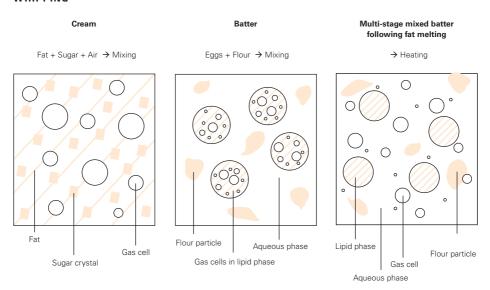
VOLUME In order to understand how these parameters can be optimally improved it is necessary to have a closer look at the cake batter (microstructure) and how it changes **TEXTURE** during manufacturing. SHELF LIFE

MICROSTRUCTURE OF A CAKE

The cake baking process consists of three important stages: whipping, baking and storage.



WHIPPING



After mixing all ingredients together, the cake batter is whipped to incorporate air. The cake batter is now an aerated emulsion of a fat in an aqueous phase.

In high fat batters, the air is included into the fat phase, which in turn is dispersed in the water phase. In low/no fat batters like sponge cakes the air is incorporated directly into the aqueous phase.

The number and size of the air bubbles in the batter have a strong influence on the volume and final texture. For an optimal texture and volume the bubbles should be evenly distributed and stable to prevent from coalescence. Further, improving the batter viscosity retards bubble movement, which also contributes to stability and therefore improves volume and texture.



BAKING

During the baking stage the batter temperature rises, and the liquid emulsion phase is transformed. In high fat batters the shortening melts and the air migrates into the water phase. To achieve an optimal texture it is important, that the shortening gets finely dispersed in the water phase and does not coalesces. The viscosity of the mass changes and the air bubbles start to expand.

To get an optimal volume the stability of the bubbles and a uniform expansion are crucial. Further, moisture is lost and finally the internal and external cake structures are set.

STORAGE

During storage, the cake structure undergoes changes due to a number of processes known as staling. One of these processes is starch retrogradation where the amylose and amylopectin molecules of gelatinized starch realign themselves causing recrystallization. As a result the starch partially releases the physically bound water and the texture of the cake significantly changes by means of softness and moistness.

Further, some of the moisture is evaporated and the cake again loses softness and moistness. Finally yet importantly mould growth can occur over time which makes the cake unfit for consumption. The shelf life of a cake can be strongly improved by slowing down or preventing the above-mentioned effects.

CAKE GELS

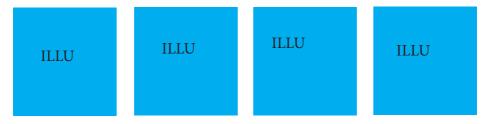
MAIN APPLICATION

Cake Gels are mainly used to produce cakes with a high volume and improved freshness, while ensuring a highly stable product, a reliable production, and a consistent baking quality.

COMPOSITION

The Aromatic Cake Gels are specific monoglyceride-based emulsifiers (E471) in alpha-form, which means that they build a sandwich structure of alternating surfactant and aqueous layers, a so-called alpha gel phase. This alpha form is highly functional as it is really flexible and rearranges easily during heating.

However, alpha gels are unstable and to prevent them from changing their structure complementary emulsifiers like PGE (E475) or PGMS (E477) are added which have the potential to preserve the alpha stability and also bring further advantages to achieve an optimal cake quality.



Mechanism of formation of the crystalline monoglyceride emulsion droplet walls, from the hydrated lamellar (L a) phase above the Krafft (i.e., chain-melting) temperature of the monoglyceride, to an L b phase (the "a-gel"), to a dehydrated L b phase, and eventually to an anhydrous crystalline phase.

GENERAL BENEFITS OF A CAKE GEL

WHIPPING

The advantage with using a Cake Gel instead of a powder-based emulsifier is that the gel is easier to mix with the remaining ingredients in the recipe. The gel activates immediately and all ingredients can be added at the same time according to the all-in method. Therefore, the mixing time can be reduced.

Cake Gels have an outstanding aeration potential, which strongly favours the production of a large number of small, uniform, and stable air bubbles. As a result, the crumb structure is finer which leads to a good texture.

BAKING

Cake Gels form flexible and protective films around the dispersed phase (air and oil) and preserve the emulsion. Due to this protective film the stability of the emulsion and the batter viscosity are maintained during the baking process. Further, the air bubbles are stabilized and they expand uniformly which results in a good volume.

STORAGE

The Cake Gel interacts with the starch and delays starch retrogradation. As a result, the process of staling is delayed and therefore the shelf life and freshness are improved.

DOSAGE ON BATTER WEIGHT

0.5 - 2%

PRODUCT RANGE

AROMATIC JILK

Aromatik Jilk is a versatile Cake Gel that is suitable for craft bakeries due to its convenient packaging and durability when used regularly. It promotes volume, stability and contributes to a more flexible baking process. It is ideal for all kinds of baking powder-based products and particularly suitable for open mixing machines.

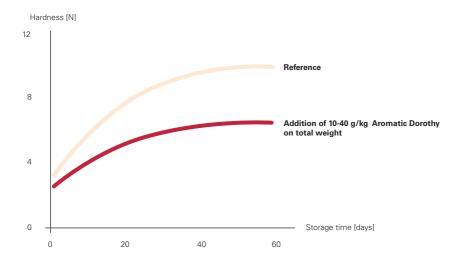
AROMATIC JILK 60

Aromatic Jilk 60 is a premium Cake Gel for outstanding volume, stability and production reliability. It is ideal for the use within industrial production of all varieties of soft cake and it is particularly suited to warm climates.

AROMATIC COLCO

Aromatic Colco is a premium Cake Gel for outstanding volume and stability while at the same time contributing to a more secure and flexible production process. It is ideal for the industrial production of all types of soft cakes that use baking powder. Aromatic Colco is the most concentrated emulsifier in the Cake Gel range, producing excellent results with lower doses.

EMULSIONS



MAIN APPLICATION

Emulsions specifically target the ageing process in cake products to retain freshness and softness throughout shelf life.

COMPOSITION

In addition to their primary functions of forming and stabilizing emulsions, food emulsifiers can provide further functionalities. The Bakels emulsions are composed of water, oil, and specific emulsifiers (E471, E481).

Aromatic Emulsions are developed to form a complex with starch through the incorporation of the fatty acid into the amylose helix, thus preventing starch retrogradation and staling. As a result, the ageing process can be slowed down and softness, tenderness and moistness can be retained throughout shelf life.

GENERAL BENEFITS OF AROMATIC EMULSIONS

MIXING/WHIPPING

The Emulsion helps to reduce the overall size of the air bubbles in the batter and improves their stability also during baking.

BAKING

The small, stabilized, and evenly distributed air bubbles result in a very tender, fine and uniform cake texture during baking. The finer texture favours also a brighter crumb.

STORAGE

The Emulsions interact with the starch and delay starch retrogradation. As a result, the staling process is slowed down and the shelf life, freshness, and moisture retention are improved. Therefore, the softness of the baked good is improved, especially over time and the eating quality is significantly better.

DOSAGE ON BATTER WEIGHT

1 – 3%

PRODUCT RANGE

AROMATIC DOROTHY

Aromatic Dorothy is our classic Cake Improver Emulsion, which maintains the softness and freshness in soft cakes during storage. It is suitable for all types of baking powder based cakes regardless of their fat content. It can also be used in combination with a Cake Gel.

AROMATIC AROSOFT CAKE

Aromatic Arosoft Cake is a premium all-round Cake Improver Emulsion explicitly targeting the ageing process in cake products to retain freshness and especially softness throughout shelf-life. It is particularly effective in baking powder-based products with high-fat content such as pound cake and muffins.

SHELF LIFE EXTENDERS

MAIN APPLICATION

Our liquid Shelf Life Extenders are used to prevent antimicrobial growth and therefore prolong the shelf life of your products.

COMPOSITION

Mould occurs almost everywhere and spreads easily through the air, therefore products quickly get contaminated and it's important to inhibit mould growth especially if the product is stored over a longer time period. The key factors influencing mould growth are the availability of nutrients, temperature, the available water (water activity aW), and pH value.

Since baked goods always provide sufficient nutrients and mould growth can occur between -10 °C and 60 °C it's crucial to control the water activity and pH. Mould can hardly grow if the water activity is lowered below 0.78. However, in many cake recipes it is not possible to lower the aW below 0.78 without affecting the eating quality i.e. the softness and moistness.

Consequently, the pH has to be lowered and as an additional hurdle, preservatives are frequently used to further prevent mould growth. It is important to mention that preservatives need a certain pH in order to develop their antimicrobial effect. If the pH in the product is not low enough, the preservative will have no or only little effect on microorganisms.

The Aromatic Shelf Life Extenders are liquid and contain a combination of functional ingredients that makes them to powerful shelf life improver systems that keep cakes fresh and make them safe against mould growth.

- To control water activity: mainly glycerol (E422) or propylene glycol (E1520).
- To lower the pH: sodium diacetate (E262b / E 262ii) or a combination of sodium acetate (E262i) and acetic acid (E260), sorbic acid (E200).
- Preservative with antimicrobial effect: sodium propionate (E281), potassium sorbate (E202), calcium propionate (E282), sorbic acid (E200).

Additionally, the Aromatic Shelf Life Extender contain flavours to mask the smell and ensure a good taste.



GENERAL BENEFITS OF AROMATIC SHELF LIFE EXTENDERS

MIXING/WHIPPING

The Shelf Life Extenders can be added together with other liquid ingredients such as egg, water, oil etc. They are very easily dispersible and only a small amount is needed.

BAKING

Aromatic Shelf Life Extenders has a slight influence on the colour of the product but not on volume or texture.

STORAGE

Aromatic Shelf Life Extenders inhibitors enable a longer shelf life of cakes up to 6-12 month. They control the water activity and pH, which in combination with highly effective preservatives inhibits mould growth and ensures the microbiological safety of the product. Further, they help to retain the moisture and keep the product soft and moist during long storage periods.

DOSAGE ON BATTER WEIGHT

1 – 2%

PRODUCT RANGE

AROMATIC K-LINE: K2000, K3000, K6000

The Aromatic K-Line Shelf Life Extenders contain no preservatives (except for K2000 that contains propylene glycol whose application quantity is therefore limited in the EU and Switzerland). The K-Line products exhibit a rather low pH of 5-6 that favours the antimicrobial effect.

K2000	K3000	K6000
Contains preservatives	No preservatives	No preservatives
Limited use in EU and CH as it contains propylone glycol	• Less strong than K6000	• Stronger than K3000

AROMATIC GL-LINE: GL22, GL24, GL 24 SPECIAL

The Aromatic GL-Line Shelf Life Extenders contain preservatives that add an extra hurdle for microbial growth. The products themselves exhibit a rather high pH and therefore it is advisable to use citric acid to lower the pH in the final product as the preservatives need a low pH to be effective. Target pH in the cake should be between 6.0 and 6.8, depending on application and total shelf life.

GL22	GL24	GL24 Special
Only effective at	Only effective at	Only effective at
pH < 7	pH < 7	pH < 7
More suitable for	Also for cakes, but	Has a lower pH than
bread than cakes	taste can be affected	the other GL products
		 Limited use in EU and CH as it contains propylene glycol

AROMATIC AROFLAVE VANILLA

Aroflave Vanilla is a combination of K2000 and real vanilla flavour to mask any undesired, chemical taste caused by the use of preservatives. Aroflave Vanilla can also be used in combination with the Aromatic GL-Line to get maximum mould protection and a very good eating quality due to the vanilla taste.



Baking problems SOLVED BY AROMATIC SOLUTIONS

SPONGE CAKE AS LAYER CAKE

A sponge cake is a light cake made with eggs, flour and sugar. Usually, it is leavened with beaten eggs, optionally baking powder can be used.

CRAFT BAKFRY

Issue

Long mixing time of 8-10 min when working with powder mixes.

Solution

By adding 1-3% **Aromatic Jilk** the mixing time can be reduced from 8 min to 3-4 min.

High costs because a cake mix is used.



By using **Aromatic Jilk** the recipe can be easily made from scratch which lowers the ingredient costs. A standard sponge cake recipe can be found below.

SPONGE CAKE - A typical craft recipe

Ingredients	%
Egg	32,7
Water	6,36
Aromatic Jilk	1,82
Sugar	28,16
Wheat flour	26,34
Potato starch	4
Baking powder	0,36
Salt	0,27

Method

All-in-one method.

Mix for 2-3 min at highest speed.

Fill 550 g into a 24 cm ring or 350 g in a 20 cm ring.

Baking temperature: 210-200 °C, draught open.

Baking time: 25-30 min.

INDUSTRY

Issue		Solution
High costs due to a high egg content.	\rightarrow	By adding 1-2% Aromatic Jilk 60 or Aromatic Colco the egg content can be reduced by 10-20%.
Not enough aeration and too high specific gravity.	\rightarrow	By adding 1-2% Aromatic Jilk 60 or Aromatic Colco the aeration can be significantly improved which results in an optimal specific gravity.
The sponge cake is not soft or fresh enough.	\rightarrow	By adding 1-3% Aromatic Dorothy or Aromatic Arosoft Cake the sponge cake becomes softer and will stay fresh for much longer.
The cake volume or layer height is too low after baking.	\rightarrow	By adjusting the oven profile and checking the density of the cake batter.
The cake is too dry after baking (moisture content < 18%).	\rightarrow	By increasing the oven temperature the baking time can be reduced and the cake tends to dry out less. Further 1-2% Aromatic K2000 or Aromatic Dorothy can be added to the recipe, which both are binding water, preventing the cake from getting dry fast.
The sponge cake exhibits an undesired chemical taste.	\rightarrow	By adding 1,5-2% Aromatic Aroflave Vanilla the chemical taste can be masked and the sorbates and citric acid can be reduced.
The shelf life (mould free days) is too short.	>	By adding freshness enhancer from Aromatic which act as liquid preservatives the shelf life can be extended. Recommended products: GL24, GL24 Special, K6000, K2000, Aroflave Vanilla. When using GL products, a pH adjustment towards a lower value is necessary as the products themselves increase the pH.

LAYER CAKE CHOCOLATE - A typical industrial recipe

Ingredients	%
Wheat flour	24,26
Cocoa powder 420 dp11	2,85
Citric acid	0,16
Eggs	18
Colco*	0,98
Glycerol	1,97
Glucose syrup	4,33
Potassium sorbate	0,2
Skimmed milk powder	0,66
Salt	0,3
SAPP	0,36
Sodium bicarbonate	0,26
Sugar	18,98
Xanthan gum	0,02
Vegetable oil	2,95
Water	9,18
Invert Syrup	7,67
Dorothy	1,97
Aromatic Aroflave Vanilla	1,97
Aromatic Chocolate extra flavour	0,98
Corn starch	1,97

Method

Mix for 3-4 min at high speed all ingredients except of wheat flour, corn starch, cocoa powder and baking powder components.

Add flour, starch, cocoa powder and baking powder and mix for 2-3 min at medium to high speed.

Pump to continuous aerator/depositor and measure the specific gravity.

Specific gravity:

0,75-0,55 depending on line equipment and desired texture.

Baking temperature:

240-190 °C depending on oven system.

Baking time: 6-10 min.

Shelf life:

6-9 months.



SPONGE CAKE AS SWISS ROLL

A sponge cake is a light cake made with eggs, flour and sugar. Usually, it is leavened with beaten eggs, optionally baking powder can be used. A Swiss roll is a type of sponge cake roll filled with whipped cream, jam, or icing.

CRAFT BAKERY

Issue

Long mixing time of 8-10 min when working with powder mixes.

Solution



By adding 0,5-2,0% **Aromatic Jilk 60** the mixing time can be reduced from 8 min to 3 min.

High costs because a cake mix is used.



By using **Aromatic Jilk** the recipe can be easily made from scratch which lowers the ingredient costs. A standard sponge cake recipe can be found below.

The cake breaks when rolled.



By adding gums like xanthan gum or carboxymethyl cellulose (CMC) the flexibility of the cake can be improved.

The cake is not soft enough.



By adding **Aromatic Dorothy**, the softness can be improved.

SWISS ROLL SPONGE CAKE - A typical craft recipe

Ingredients	%	Method
Egg	32,7	All-in-one method.
Water	7,87	Mix for 2-3 min at highest speed.
Aromatic Jilk	1,97	Spread the batter evenly and
Sorbitol, liquid	3,94	with a thickness of 6-7 mm.
Sugar	27,56	Baking:
Wheat flour	26,25	Bake for 4-7 min at 240-250 °C, draught open.
Salt	0,26	

INDUSTRY

Issue

By adding 1-2% milk powder the cake is The cake breaks when rolled. lack of flexibility. getting more flexible due to the milk proteins. Further 0.05-0.15% of xanthan gum can be added and the baking time can be reduced to increase the flexibility. High costs due to a high egg content. By adding 1-2% Aromatic Jilk 60 or Aromatic Colco the egg content can be reduced by 10-20%. The sponge cake is not soft or fresh By adding 0,5% Aromatic Dorothy or Aromatic Arosoft Cake the sponge cake enough. becomes softer and will stay fresh for much longer. By adjusting the oven profile and check-The cake volume or layer height is too low after baking. ing the density of the cake batter. The cake is too dry after baking By increasing the oven temperature the (moisture content < 18%). baking time can be reduced and the cake

Solution

The sponge cake exhibits an undesired chemical taste.



dry fast.

By adding 1,5-2% **Aromatic Aroflave Vanilla** the chemical taste can be masked and the sorbates and citric acid can be reduced.

tends to dry out less. Further **Aromatic K2000** or **Aromatic Dorothy** can be added to the recipe, which both are binding water, preventing the cake from getting

The shelf life (mould free days) is too short.



By adding freshness enhancer from Aromatic which act as liquid preservatives the shelf life can be extended. Recommended products: GL24, GL24 Special, K6000, K2000, Aroflave Vanilla. When using GL products, a pH adjustment towards a lower value is necessary as the products themselves increase the pH.

MINI SWISS ROLLS VANILLA - A typical industrial recipe

Ingredients	%
Wheat flour	25,37
Corn starch	2,77
Citric acid	0,16
Eggs	20,61
Aromatic Jilk 60	1,19
Glycerol	0,99
Glucose	3,17
Aromatic GL 24 Special	0,99
Skimmed milk powder	1,59
Salt	0,24
Baking powder	0,79
Sugar	21,8
Xanthan gum	0,12
Vegetable oil	1,59
Water	6,34
Invert Syrup	9,51
Aromatic Dorothy	0,79
Aromatic Vanilla 210	1,19

Method

Mix all ingredients except baking powder, starch and flour – for 3 min at medium speed.

Add flour, starch and baking powder. Mix for 2 min at medium speed.

Specific gravity: 0,75

Baking temperature:

240-190 °C, depending on oven system

Baking time: 6-10 min.

Shelf life: 6 months.



CUPCAKE

A cupcake is a small cake designed to serve one person, which may be baked in a small thin paper or aluminum cup. A standard cupcake uses the same basic ingredients as standard-sized cakes: butter, sugar, eggs and flour. The amount of sugar and butter is higher than in muffins. Further, the cake batter used for cupcakes may be flavoured or have other ingredients stirred in, such as raisins, berries, nuts or chocolate chips.

In comparison to muffins, the cake batter is mixed significantly longer to create a light and fluffy batter with small and uniformly distributed air bubbles throughout the cupcake. The final cupcake has a flat top and is usually decorated with creamy frostings and other cake decorations such as fruit and candy.

CRAFT BAKERY

Issue

Long mixing time of 8-10 min when working with powder mixes.

Solution

 \rightarrow

By adding **Aromatic Jilk 60**, the mixing time can be reduced from 8 min to 3 min.

High costs because a cake mix is used.



By using **Aromatic Jilk 60** the recipe can be easily made from scratch which lowers the ingredient costs. A standard cupcake recipe can be found below.

CUPCAKE - A typical craft recipe

Ingredients	%
Cake flour	27,33
Sugar	23,33
Salt	0,27
Baking powder	
Skimmed milk powder	
Eggs	18,67
Water	6,67
Butter/vegetable oil	20
Aromatic Jilk 60	0,67
Aromatic Vanilla Extra	1,07

Method

All-in method. Slow speed for 2 min, then fast speed for 2 min.

Whipping volume [g/L] 800-850.

Scale 40-50 g and bake at 180 °C for approx. 25 min.

INDUSTRY

Issue		Solution
High costs due to a high egg content.	\rightarrow	By adding Aromatic Jilk 60 or Aromatic Colco , the egg content can be reduced up to 25%.
Not enough aeration.	\rightarrow	By adding 1% Aromatic Jilk 60 or Aromatic Colco the aeration can be significantly improved.
The sponge cake is not soft or fresh enough.	\rightarrow	By adding Aromatic Dorothy or Aromatic Arosoft Cake the sponge cake becomes softer and will stay fresh for much longer.
The crumb texture is coarse and not fine or uniform enough as it is desired for a cupcake.	\rightarrow	By replacing a part of the flour with starch and by reducing the mixing speed and time to avoid gluten development the texture can be optimized.
The sponge cake exhibits an undesired chemical taste.	\rightarrow	By adding 1,5-2% Aromatic Aroflave Vanilla the chemical taste can be masked and the sorbates and citric acid can be reduced.
The surface is cracked.	\rightarrow	By adjusting the oven profile towards lower temperature and/or by decreasing the density of the cake batter with addition of Aromatic Jilk 60 or Aromatic Colco .
The surface is too dark/brown.	\rightarrow	By reducing the oven temperature and increasing the density of the cake batter.
The cupcake is fragile when releasing from the baking trays.	\rightarrow	By adding gums the breakage can be reduced. Further, the fat/oil content can be reduced.
The shelf life (mould free days) is too short.	\rightarrow	By adding freshness enhancer from Aromatic which act as liquid preservatives the shelf life can be extended. Recom- mended products: GL24, GL24 Special, K6000, K2000, Aroflave Vanilla. When using GL products, a pH adjustment towards a lower value is necessary as the products themselves increase the pH.

CUPCAKE VANILLA - A typical industrial recipe

Ingredients	%
Eggs	16,98
Water	4,99
Citric acid	0,13
Glycerol	
Aromatic GL 24 Special	
Sorbitol	1,4
Oil	17,98
Invert sugar	0,3
Aromatic Vanilla 210	1,2
Aromatic Jilk 60	
Salt	0,3
Xanthan gum	0,1
Whey powder	3
Baking powder	0,5
Cake flour	26,96
Aromatic Dorothy	1,5

Method

Mix all ingredients except oil, baking flour and whey powder – for 4 min at medium speed.

Add oil – mix for 1 min at slow speed.

Add flour, baking powder and whey powder. Mix for 2 min at medium speed.

Specific gravity:

0,76-0,84

Baking temperature: Convection oven 170 °C Deck oven 210-200 °C

Baking time: 18-23 min.

Shelf life: 6 months.



MUFFIN

A muffin is a cupcake-like quickbread basically made of flour, eggs, butter or vegetabe oil, and sugar that is chemically leavened and then baked in a mold. The cake batter is mixed slowly and briefly which results in a dense baked good that exhibits a dome after baking. Muffins may have a sugared top or a very thin glaze.

CRAFT BAKFRY

Issue

The muffin is not fresh enough to be sold unpacked for 3 days.

Solution

By adding 3-5% **Bakels Arosoft Cake** or 2-4% **Aromatic Dorothy** the freshness can be strongly improved.

High costs because a cake mix is used.



By using **Aromatic Jilk 60** the recipe can be easily made from scratch which lowers the ingredient costs. A standard sponge cake recipe can be found below.

The shelf life (mould free days) is too short.



By adding freshness enhancer from Aromatic which act as liquid preservatives the shelf life can be extended. Recommended products: GL24, GL24 Special, K6000, K2000, Aroflave Vanilla. When using GL products, a pH adjustment towards a lower value is necessary as the products themselves increase the pH.





MUFFIN - A typical craft recipe

Ingredients	%
Eggs	14,14
Water	10,1
Oil	18,18
Sugar	21,97
Vanille Extra	1,01
Salt	0,25
Skimmed milk powder	0,00
Baking powder	1,26
Modified starch	0,76
Wheat flour	27,78
Aromatic Arosoft Cake	4,55

Method

All-in-one method, medium speed for 4 min.

Scale 120-140 g in paper cups.

Bake.

INDUSTRY

Issue		Solution
The muffin has no dome.	\rightarrow	By increasing the density of the mass. The specific gravity should be approx. 1-1,05.
The texture is not open enough.	\rightarrow	By increasing the batter viscosity by adding e.g. modified starch, gums, more baking powder. Further, the mixing time and speed can be increased.
The sponge cake is not soft or fresh enough.	\rightarrow	By adding Aromatic Dorothy or Aromatic Arosoft Cake the sponge cake becomes softer and will stay fresh for much longer.
The muffin is too crumbly.	\rightarrow	By adding xanthan gum or modified starch.
The chocolate chunks/raisins sink to the bottom.	\rightarrow	By adding 0,1% xanthan gum or 1,5% modified starch to the mass.
The muffin batter is too much aerated and has a spongy texture.	\rightarrow	By mixing the batter slower and shorter. Target specific gravity for a muffin is 0,95-1,10.
The shelf life (mould free days) is too short.	→	By adding freshness enhancer from Aromatic which act as liquid preservatives the shelf life can be extended. Recom- mended products: GL24, GL24 Special, K6000, K2000, Aroflave Vanilla. When using GL products, a pH adjustment towards a lower value is necessary as the products themselves increase the pH.

MUFFIN - A typical industrial recipe

Ingredients	%
Egg	15,41
Sugar	21,47
Vegetable oil	17,62
Water	8,26
Full cream milk powder	0,44
Salt	0,28
Sodium bicarbonate	0,33
SAPP	0,47
Glucose syrup	1,65
Sorbitol	1,10
Glycerine	1,10
Potassium sorbate	0,15
Citric acid	0,19
Xanthan gum	0,06
Wheat flour	24,77
Aromatic Aroflave Vanilla	1,98
Aromatic Arosoft Cake	2,97
Aromatic Aropro Butter	0,10
Invert syrup	1,65

Method

All-in-one method – mix all ingredients together for 5 min at slow speed.

Deposit the desired weight in paper cups or muffin trays.

Bake at 215-185 °C for 25-30 min.

POUND CAKE / SLICED CAKE

Pound cake is a type of cake traditionally made with a pound of each of four ingredients: Flour, butter, eggs, and sugar. Pound cakes are generally baked in either a loaf pan or a Bundt mold, and served either dusted with powdered sugar, lightly glazed, or sometimes with a coat of icing.

CRAFT BAKERY

Issue

The muffin is not fresh enough to be sold unpacked for 3-5 days.

Solution



By adding 3-5% **Aromatic Arosoft Cake** or 2-4% **Aromatic Dorothy** the freshness can be strongly improved.

The shelf life and freshness for packed cakes and single slices is < 3 weeks.



By adding **Aromatic K6000** (for EU where the limit for propylene glycol is low) or **Aromatic K2000** (for all markets without limits for propylene glycol).

High costs because a cake mix is used.



By using **Aromatic Jilk 60** the recipe can be easily made from scratch which lowers the ingredient costs. A standard sponge cake recipe can be found below.





LEMON POUND CAKE - A typical craft recipe

Ingredients % Wheat flour 24,51 Sugar 23,65 Baking powder 0,8 Potato starch 3,73 Skimmed milk powder 0,53 Salt 0,21 Egg 16,2 Water 6,07 Sunflower oil 15,24 Aromatic Natural Lemon 223 1,86
Sugar 23,65 Baking powder 0,8 Potato starch 3,73 Skimmed milk powder 0,53 Salt 0,21 Egg 16,2 Water 6,07 Sunflower oil 15,24
Baking powder 0,8 Potato starch 3,73 Skimmed milk powder 0,53 Salt 0,21 Egg 16,2 Water 6,07 Sunflower oil 15,24
Potato starch 3,73 Skimmed milk powder 0,53 Salt 0,21 Egg 16,2 Water 6,07 Sunflower oil 15,24
Skimmed milk powder 0,53 Salt 0,21 Egg 16,2 Water 6,07 Sunflower oil 15,24
Salt 0,21 Egg 16,2 Water 6,07 Sunflower oil 15,24
Egg 16,2 Water 6,07 Sunflower oil 15,24
Water 6,07 Sunflower oil 15,24
Sunflower oil 15,24
Aromatic Natural Lemon 223 1,86
Aromatic Arosoft Cake 4,9
Aromatic Jilk 0,37
Aromatic K6000 1,92

Method

Mix all the ingredients at low speed for 3 min.

Whip at medium speed for 1 min.

Fill 360 g into each mould.

Bake at 185 °C for 30 min, draught closed.

Bake at 180 °C for 20 min, draught open.

INDUSTRY

Issue Solution High costs due to a high egg content. By adding Aromatic Jilk 60 or Aromatic Colco, the egg content can be reduced up to 25%. By adding Aromatic Dorothy or Aromatic The sponge cake is not soft or fresh enough. Arosoft Cake the sponge cake becomes softer and will stay fresh for much longer. By adding freshness enhancer from The shelf life (mould free days) Aromatic which act as liquid preservatives is too short. the shelf life can be extended. Recommended products: GL24, GL24 Special, K6000, K2000, Aroflave Vanilla. When using GL products, a pH adjustment towards a lower value is necessary as the products themselves increase the pH. By adding flavours from Aromatic or 1-2% The cake exhibits an undesired chemical taste. Aromatic Aroflave Vanilla the chemical taste can be masked. By adding Aromatic Dorothy or Aromatic The surface of the cake is oily. Arosoft Cake, a part of the oil/fat can be replaced which results in a less oily surface during storage time. The cake is too crumbly. By adding xanthan gum, modified starch or carboxymethyl cellulose (CMC). The crumb texture is coarse By replacing a part of the flour by starch. and the bubbles are too open. Further, Aromatic Dorothy can be added.

SLICED CAKE - A typical industrial recipe

Ingredients%MethodWheat Flour27,20Add all liquids and powders except of oil, flour and baking powder. Mix for 4 min at medium speed.Salt0,30Add oil and mix for 1 min at slow speed.Sodium bicarbonate0,27Add flour, baking powder and milk powder. Mix for 2 min at medium speed.Skimmed milk powder0,48Specific gravity: 0,87Kanthan gum0,06Specific gravity: 0,87Fresh eggs15,71Scaling: 800 g (53 g per 1 slice).Vegetable oil14,83Baking temperature: 175 °CGlycerol1,81Baking time: 72 min.Sorbitol1,81pH: 6,2Citric acid0,12Water Activity: 0,77Potassium sorbate0,180,77Aromatic Jilk 600,30Aromatic Dorothy3,22Aromatic Aroflave Vanilla1,99			
Sugar 22,97 Mix for 4 min at medium speed. Salt 0,30 Add oil and mix for 1 min at slow speed. SAPP 0,37 Add flour, baking powder and milk powder. Mix for 2 min at medium speed. Skimmed milk powder 0,48 Xanthan gum 0,06 Specific gravity: 0,87 Fresh eggs 15,71 Water 6,93 800 g (53 g per 1 slice). Vegetable oil 14,83 Baking temperature: 175 °C Glycerol 1,81 Baking time: 72 min. Glucose Syrup 1,45 pH: 6,2 Citric acid 0,12 Potassium sorbate 0,18 0,30 Aromatic Dorothy 3,22	Ingredients	%	Method
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Sodium bicarbonate 0,27 SAPP 0,37 Skimmed milk powder 0,48 Xanthan gum 0,06 Fresh eggs 15,71 Water 6,93 Vegetable oil 14,83 Sorbitol 1,81 Glucose Syrup 1,45 Citric acid Potassium sorbate 0,28 Specific gravity: 0,87 Scaling: 800 g (53 g per 1 slice). Baking temperature: 175 °C Baking time: 72 min. pH: 6,2 Water Activity: 0,77 Water Activity: 0,77	Sugar	22,97	
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Fresh eggs 15,71 Scaling: Water 6,93 800 g (53 g per 1 slice). Vegetable oil 14,83 Baking temperature: 175 °C Baking time: Sorbitol 1,81 72 min. Glucose Syrup 1,45 pH: 6,2 Water Activity: 0,77 Potassium sorbate 0,18 0,77 Aromatic Jilk 60 0,30 Aromatic Dorothy 3,22	Skimmed milk powder	0,48	speea.
Fresh eggs 15,71 Water 6,93 Vegetable oil 14,83 Baking temperature: 175 °C Glycerol 1,81 Sorbitol 1,81 Glucose Syrup 1,45 Citric acid 0,12 Potassium sorbate 0,18 Aromatic Jilk 60 0,30 Aromatic Dorothy 3,22	Xanthan gum	0,06	, ,
Water 6,93 800 g (53 g per 1 slice). Vegetable oil 14,83 Baking temperature: 175 °C Glycerol 1,81 Baking time: 72 min. Sorbitol 1,81 pH: 6,2 Citric acid 0,12 Water Activity: 0,77 Potassium sorbate 0,18 0,77 Aromatic Jilk 60 0,30 Aromatic Dorothy 3,22	Fresh eggs	15,71	
Glycerol 1,81 Sorbitol 1,81 Glucose Syrup 1,45 Citric acid 0,12 Potassium sorbate 0,18 Aromatic Jilk 60 Aromatic Dorothy 3,22	Water	6,93	ĕ
Glycerol 1,81 Sorbitol 1,81 Glucose Syrup 1,45 Citric acid 0,12 Potassium sorbate 0,18 Aromatic Jilk 60 0,30 Aromatic Dorothy 3,22	Vegetable oil	14,83	
Sorbitol 1,81 72 min. Glucose Syrup 1,45 pH: 6,2 Citric acid 0,12 Water Activity: 0,77 Potassium sorbate 0,18 0,77 Aromatic Jilk 60 0,30 Aromatic Dorothy 3,22	Glycerol	1,81	
Citric acid 0,12 Potassium sorbate 0,18 Aromatic Jilk 60 0,30 Aromatic Dorothy 3,22	Sorbitol	1,81	
Citric acid 0,12 Potassium sorbate 0,18 Aromatic Jilk 60 0,30 Aromatic Dorothy 3,22	Glucose Syrup	1,45	· ·
Potassium sorbate 0,18 0,77 Aromatic Jilk 60 0,30 Aromatic Dorothy 3,22	Citric acid	0,12	
Aromatic Dorothy 3,22	Potassium sorbate	0,18	
	Aromatic Jilk 60	0,30	
Aromatic Aroflave Vanilla 1,99	Aromatic Dorothy	3,22	
	Aromatic Aroflave Vanilla	1,99	

SNACK CAKES

Snack cakes are a type of baked dessert confectionery made with cake, sugar, and icing. Often reffered to as donut cake, bear cake, long cake or twinkie.

INDUSTRY

Issue		Solution
The shelf life is < 12 months.	\rightarrow	By adding freshness enhancer from Aromatic which act as liquid preservatives the shelf life can be extended. Recom- mended products: GL24, GL24 Special, K6000, K2000, Aroflave Vanilla. When using GL products, a pH adjustment towards a lower value is necessary as the products themselves increase the pH.
The cake is not soft or fresh enough.	\rightarrow	By adding Aromatic Dorothy or Aromatic Arosoft Cake the cake becomes softer and will stay fresh for longer.
High costs due to a high egg content.	\rightarrow	By adding 1-2% Aromatic Jilk 60 or Aromatic Colco the egg content can be reduced by 10-25%.
The cakes break during the release from the trays.	\rightarrow	By adding gums or modified starch.
The surface of the cake is oily.	\rightarrow	By adding Aromatic Dorothy or Aromatic Arosoft Cake a part of the oil can be replaced which results in a less oily surface. Further, they improve the emulsification which minimizes the risk for an oily surface.
The cake exhibits an undesired chemical taste.	\rightarrow	By adding flavours from Aromatic or 1-2% Aroflave Vanilla the chemical taste can be masked.
The water activity is too high.	\rightarrow	By adding Aromatic GL24/24 Special , additional glycerol, sorbitol, glucose syrup, invert syrup, or sugar the water activity can be reduced. The extension of the baking time and the addition of less water additionally support a lower water activity.

SNACK CAKE - A typical industrial recipe

Ingredients	%
Eggs	17,32
Sugar	18,2
Vegetable oil	16,85
Water	5,05
Whey powder	2,7
Salt	0,3
Baking powder	0,57
Skimmed milk powder	0,47
Aromatic Vanilla flavour	0,13
Aromatic K2000 Lemon	1,01
Aromatic Jilk 60	1,21
Sorbitol	1,42
Glycerol	2,02
Potassium sorbate	0,17
Citric acid	0,13
Xanthan gum	0,08
Wheat flour	27,3
Invert syrup	3,03
Aromatic Dorothy	2,02

Method

Mix all the ingredients except of wheat flour and baking powder, for 3-4 min at high speed.

Add flour and baking powder. Mix for 2 min at medium to high speed.

Pump to continuous aerator/depositor and measure the specific gravity.

Specific gravity:

0,86-0,72 depending on line equipment and desired texture.

Baking temperature:

220-180 °C depending on oven system.

Baking time: 18-20 min.

Shelf life:

6-9 months.

CREAMS AND FILLINGS IN SNACK CAKES

Fillings are a part of modern long life snack cakes, injected directly after baking as a jam filling or fluffy fat- and waterbased cream filling. To preserve fillings for several months, preservatives in form of Aromatic freshness enhancers and pasteurization of water based fillings will ensure the microbiological safety. Most of the industrial manufacturer are producing these injectable fillings from scratch and are adding Emulsifiers to whipp and stabilize a fluffy cream filling.

INDIISTRY

Issue

The shelf life (mould free days) is not long enough.

Solution



By adding freshness enhancer from Aromatic which act as liquid preservatives the shelf life can be extended. Recommended products: GL24, GL24 Special, K6000, K2000, Aroflave Vanilla. When using GL products, a pH adjustment towards a lower value is necessary as the products themselves increase the pH.

The cream is not fluffy or soft enough.



By adding 1-2% **Aromatic Jilk 60** or **Aromatic Colco** after the pasteurization of the cream to improve the aeration.

The cake exhibits an undesired chemical taste.



By adding flavours from Aromatic or 1-2% **Aromatic Aroflave Vanilla** the chemical taste can be masked.

Preservation of water based cream fillings for injection in long shelf-life snack cakes or cupcakes with a minimum shelf-life of 6 months +.



By pasteurizing water based creams with a water content of max. 12-15% in combination with 2% Aromatic K2000 Lemon, 2% Aromatic Aroflave Vanilla or 1,4% Aromatic GL24 Special.





VANILLA CREAM FILLING - A typical industrial recipe

Ingredients	%
Water	11,85
Milk powder	9,09
Salt	0,2
Powdered sugar	23,7
Glucose	19,75
Aromatic Jilk 60	1,5
Aromatic K2000	1,98
Shortening	27,65
Citric acid	0,1
Glycerol	2,96
Potassium sorbate	0,2
Aromatic Vanilla 210	1,03

Method

Add all liquids and solids except for the shortening.

Mix for 2 min.

Add the shortening and heat up to 65 °C.

Mix for 1 min.

Add to buffer tank.



A LONG HERITAGE OF PRODUCING AROMATIC CAKE GELS

We have a vast experience of producing Cake Gels under the well known brand Aromatic.

Today, Bakels Sweden is the Center of competence in the Bakels Group when it comes to cake emulsifiers/improvers. Our team consists of competent food engineers who are experts in the field.

As a customer of ours, you get access to our entire technical team consisting of technical sales people who help with the implementation of ingredients and improve your production.







BAKELS AROUND THE WORLD

Bakels is active worldwide on all five continents and supplies customers in every sector of the bakery ingredients market.



BAKERY INGREDIENTS SINCE 1904

The best baked goods are a product of the right ingredients and craftsmanship. That is something we at Bakels specialise in. We have refined and developed bakery ingredients for the industry since 1904. Our work is driven by consumer trends and behaviours. We continue to explore raw materials and solutions to find new and innovative ways to enhance the flavour, function and quality of bakery and patisserie products. Our experience and knowledge provide you with the best conditions to succeed.

Your success is our objective

This product catalogue contains most of our range. Be inspired by our tried and tested products and let them take your baked goods to the next level. Do you have a need for other ingredients or tailored solutions for your business? Contact your sales representative to find your unique recipe for success.

BAKELS GROUP IN NUMBERS

38

Bakels Companies in the world.

120

Number of countries where our products are available through distributors & agents.

2750

Employees worldwide.

2000+

Bakery products.

YOU GET ACCESS TO A WHOLE TEAM THAT WILL SUPPORT YOU WITH:

- · Technical solution and product advising.
- Implementation on-set.
- · Fine-tuning of ingredients and recipes.
- Idéas and inspiration for applications and recipes.
- Unique product development together with your team for your unique needs if needed.

Support and guidance

TEAM BAKELS



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